

INSTRUCTIONS TO TENDERERS

PUBLICATION REF.: EMS ENI 1HARD/3.1/86/LOT 8

In submitting a tender, the tenderer accepts in full and without restriction the special and general conditions governing the contract as the sole basis of this tendering procedure, whatever its own conditions of sale may be, which it hereby waives. Tenderers are expected to examine carefully and comply with all instructions, forms, contract provisions and specifications contained in this tender dossier. Failure to submit a tender containing all the required information and documentation within the deadline will lead to rejection of the tender. No account can be taken of any reservation in the tender as regards the tender dossier; this may result in immediate rejection of the tender without further evaluation.

These Instructions set out the rules for the submission, selection and implementation of contracts financed under this call for tenders, in conformity with the provisions of the Practical Guide, which is applicable to this call (available on the internet at this address: <http://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/prag/document.do>).

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GENERAL PART

1. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1.1. Tenderers must tender for the whole of the works required by the dossier. Tenders will not be accepted for incomplete lots.

1.2. Timetable

	DATE	TIME*
Clarification meeting	< 13/05/2022 >	< 17:00 >
Site visit	<13/05/2022 >	< 16:00>
Deadline for requesting any additional information from the Contracting Authority	< 16/05/2022 >	< 17:00 >
Last date on which additional information are issued by the Contracting Authority	< 20/05/2022 >	17:00
Deadline for submitting tenders	<26/05/2022>	<17:00 >
Tender opening session	<27/05/2022>	< 10:00 >
Notification of award to the successful tenderer	< 03/06/2022 > ³	-
Signature of the contract	< 10/06/2022> ³	-

* All times are in the time zone of the country of the Contracting Authority
Provisional date

2. FINANCING

The project is co-financed by the European Union, in accordance with the rules of ENI CBC Joint Operational Programme Romania-Republic of Moldova 2014-2020 programme.

3. PARTICIPATION

Participation is open to all legal persons (participating either individually or in a grouping – consortium - of tenderers) which are established in a Member State of the European Union or in a country or territory of the regions covered and/or authorised by the specific instruments applicable to the programme under which the contract is financed (see item 22 of the contract notice). All goods supplied under this contract must originate in one or more of these countries. Participation is also open to international organisations. Participation of natural persons is directly governed by the specific instruments applicable to the programme under which the contract is financed.]

3.1. These terms refer to all nationals of the above states and to all legal entities, companies or partnerships established in the above states. For the purposes of proving compliance with this rule, tenderers being legal persons, must present the documents required under that country's law.

- 3.2. The eligibility requirement detailed in subclauses 3.1 and 3.2 applies to all members of a joint venture/consortium and all subcontractors, as well as to all entities upon whose capacity the tenderer relies for the selection criteria. Every tenderer, member of a joint venture/consortium, every capacity-providing entity, every subcontractor providing more than 10% of the works and every supplier providing more than 10% of the works must certify that they meet these conditions. They must prove their eligibility by a document dated less than one year earlier than the deadline for submitting tenders, drawn up in accordance with their national law or practice or by copies of the original documents stating the constitution and/or legal status and the place of registration and/or statutory seat and, if it is different, the place of central administration. The Contracting Authority may accept other satisfactory evidence that these conditions are met.
- 3.3. Natural persons, companies or undertakings falling into a situation set out in section 2.3.3.1 ('exclusion from participation in procurement procedures') and section 2.3.3.2 ('rejection from a given procedure') of the Practical Guide, are not entitled to participate in this tender procedure or be awarded a contract. Should they do so, their tender will be considered unsuitable or irregular respectively. Tenderers must provide declarations to the effect that they are not in any of the exclusion situations listed in section 2.3.3 of the Practical Guide. The declarations must cover all the members of a joint venture/consortium. Tenderers guilty of making false declarations may also incur financial penalties and exclusion in accordance with section 2.3.4 of the Practical Guide.
- 3.4. The exclusion situation referred to in subclause 3.4 applies to all members of a joint venture/consortium, all subcontractors and all suppliers to tenderers, as well as to all entities upon whose capacity the tenderer relies for the selection criteria.
- 3.5. The upper limit authorised for subcontracting is 10 % of the value of the tender¹.

4. ONLY ONE TENDER PER TENDERER

A company may not tender for a given contract both individually and as a member of a joint venture/consortium. Participation by a tenderer in more than one tender for a contract will result in the disqualification of all those tenders for that contract in which the party is involved. The same company may only participate as subcontractor in different tenders if that is justified by the specific nature of the market and cleared by the Contracting Authority.

5. TENDER EXPENSES

- 5.1. The tenderer will bear all costs associated with preparing and submitting the tender. The Contracting Authority will not be responsible or liable for such costs, whatever the conduct or outcome of the procedure.
- 5.2. The Contracting Authority will neither be responsible for, nor cover, any expenses or losses incurred by the tenderer through site visits and inspections or any other aspect of its tender.

6. SITE VISIT AND CLARIFICATION MEETING

- 6.1. The tenderer is strongly advised to visit and inspect the site of the works and its surroundings for the purpose of assessing, at its own responsibility, expense and risk, the

¹ If the tender includes subcontracting, it is recommended that the contractual arrangements between the tenderer and its subcontractors include mediation, according to national and international practices, as a method of dispute resolution.

factors necessary for preparing its tender and signing the contract for the works. (Date, time and place, see point 13 of the contract notice.)

- 6.2. A clarification meeting and/or a site visit will be held by the Contracting Authority (Date, time and place, see point 13 of the contract notice).
- 6.3. The minutes of the **clarification meeting and the site visit** will be published on the EuropeAid website. As proof of participation, tenderers will receive a certificate of their site visit.

TENDER DOCUMENTS

7. CONTENT OF TENDER DOCUMENTS

The set of tender documents comprises the documents specified in the invitation letter.

Tenderers bear sole liability for examining with appropriate care the tender documents, including design documents available for inspection and any modification to the tender documents issued during the tendering period, and for obtaining reliable information on any conditions and obligations that may in any way affect the amount or nature of the tender or the execution of the works. In the event that the tenderer is successful, no claim for altering the tender amount will be entertained on the grounds of errors or omissions in the obligations of the tenderer described above.

8. EXPLANATIONS CONCERNING TENDER DOCUMENTS

- 8.1. Tenderers may submit questions in writing up to 10 days before the deadline for submission of tenders, specifying the publication reference and the contract title:

<Contact Name>

<Address>

<Fax>

<E-mail>

The Contracting Authority has no obligation to provide additional information after this date.

The Contracting Authority must reply to all tenderers' questions at least 6 days before the deadline for receipt of tenders.

- 8.2. The questions and answers will be published of the ENI Romania-Republic of Moldova cross border programme <https://ro-md.net/ro/despre-program/achizitii-publice> and website of Sireti municipality <http://sireti.sat.md/?cat=15>.

9. MODIFICATIONS TO TENDER DOCUMENTS

- 9.1. The Contracting Authority may amend the tender documents by publishing modifications up to 6 days before the deadline for submitting tenders.
- 9.2. Each modification published will constitute a part of the tender documents and will be published on the ENI Romania-Republic of Moldova cross border programme <https://ro-md.net/ro/despre-program/achizitii-publice> and website of Sireti municipality <http://sireti.sat.md/?cat=15>.

- 9.3. The Contracting Authority may, as necessary and in accordance with Clause 18, extend the deadline for submitting tenders to give tenderers sufficient time to take modifications into account when preparing their tenders.

TENDER PREPARATION

10. LANGUAGE OF TENDERS

- 10.1. The tender and all correspondence and documents related to the tender exchanged by the tenderer and the Contracting Authority must be written in the language of the procedure, which is English or Romanian. All correspondence relating to payments, including invoices and interim and final payment certificates, must also be sent to the Contracting Authority in English or Romanian.
- 10.2. If supporting documents are not written in one of the official languages of the European Union, a translation into the language of the call for tender must be attached. Where the documents are in an official language of the European Union other than English, it is strongly recommended to provide a translation into the language of the call for tenders, in order to facilitate the evaluation of the documents.

11. CONTENT AND PRESENTATION OF TENDER

- 11.1. Tenders must satisfy the following conditions:

Tenders must comprise the documents and information in clause 12 below.

The tender must be signed by a person or persons empowered by power of attorney submitted in accordance with Form 4.3 in Volume 1, Section 4 of the tender dossier.

The relevant pages of the documents specified in clause 12 must be signed as indicated.

The tenderer must provide all documents required by the tender dossier. All such documents, without exception, must comply strictly with these conditions and provisions and contain no amendments made by the tenderer. Tenders which do not comply with the requirements of the tender dossier may be rejected.

- 11.2. The works are not divided into lots. Tenders must be for all the quantities indicated.

12. INFORMATION/DOCUMENTS TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE TENDERER

- 12.1. All tenders must comprise the following information and duly completed documents:

Tender form, together with its Annex 1 'Declaration of honour on exclusion criteria and selection using the form provided in Volume 1, section 2;

Documentation as required in the questionnaire in Volume 1, Section 4, including all forms attached;

The forms provided in Volume 4:

Volume 4.2.2 — Summary;

Volume 4.2.3 — Breakdown of the lump-sum price;

Volume 4.2.4 — Detailed Breakdown of Prices.

The Breakdown of the Lump-sum Price and the Detailed Breakdown of Prices do not derogate in any way to the clause stating that, in a lump-sum contract, the total contract price remains fixed irrespective of the quantity of work actually carried out.

12.1.1.1. The prices in Volume 4 are deemed to have been set on the basis of the conditions in force 30 days prior to the deadline for submitting tenders.

The Detailed Breakdown of Prices must be used when required for any purpose under the contract, notably to provide the coefficients for applying the price revision formula referred to in Article 48.2 of the Special Conditions. The tenderer must provide clear arithmetical calculations for the proposed coefficients. For tenders below the international threshold (5 000 000 Euros) it is not compulsory for the Contracting Authority to request tenderers to provide the information required in the Detailed Breakdown of Prices in Volume 4. However, given that the price revision formula referred to in Article 48.2 of the Special Conditions uses the coefficients provided by the Detailed Breakdown of Prices, the decision not to ask for the detailed breakdown of prices implies that the Contracting Authority will use its own established price revision formula.

Cash flow statements.

Copies of the most recent documents showing the organisation chart, legal status and place of registration of the tenderer's headquarters, a power of attorney empowering the person signing the tender and all related documentation. These documents must follow the forms in Volume 1, Section 4 of the tender dossier:

To be completed in accordance with the questionnaire in Volume 1, Section 4

- general information about the tenderer (Form 4.1)
- organisation chart (Form 4.2)
- power of attorney (Form 4.3).

Evidence showing that the liquid assets and access to credit facilities are adequate for this contract, confirmed by a financial statement for the last three years verified by a chartered accountant. This evidence must be provided using Form 4.4, Financial statement, in Volume 1, Section 4 of the tender documents.

Financial projections for the two years ahead. This information must follow Form 4.4, Financial statement, provided in accordance with Volume 1, Section 4 of the tender documents.

Financial identification form (Form 4.5a, Volume 1) and Legal Entity File (Form 4.5b, Volume 1). If the tenderer has already signed another contract financed by the European Union, it may provide instead of the forms and supporting documents either the file numbers received or copies of the forms provided on that occasion, unless a change occurred in the meantime.

Information about the tenderer's **technical qualifications**. This information must follow the forms in Volume 1, Section 4 of the tender documents and include:

- a presentation of the tenderer's organisation, including the total number of staff employed (Form 4.6.1.1),
- a list of the staff proposed for execution of the contract, with the CVs of key staff (Forms 4.6.1.2 and 4.6.1.3),
- a list of plant for execution of the contract. The descriptions must demonstrate the tenderer's ability to complete the works and should include amongst others, the following elements:
 - Trenching machines
 - Dewatering plant
 - Concrete mixing and placing plant
 - Cranes and lifting equipment

The tenderer must indicate whether this equipment is owned, hired or used by a subcontractor (own equipment and machineries will present and advantage). Manufacturer's documents fully describing the equipment must be submitted with the tender (Form 4.6.2);

- a list of materials and any supplies intended for use in the works, stating their origin;
- a work plan with brief descriptions of the main tasks (Form 4.6.3), showing the sequence and proposed timetable for implementing the tasks. In particular, the proposal must detail the temporary and permanent works to be constructed. The tenderer must take account of weather conditions and the requirement to prepare designs and obtain building permits prior to carrying out construction works. The tenderer must also submit a comprehensive method statement, with drawings if necessary, showing the methods by which it proposes to carry out the works. In particular, the tenderer must indicate the numbers, types and capacities of the plant and staff it proposes to use on the main areas of work;
- a critical milestone bar chart showing times and duties allocated for employees for this contract (Form 4.6.3);
- evidence of relevant experience in carrying out works of a similar nature, including the nature and value of the contracts, works in hand and contractually committed (Form 4.6.4). The evidence must include successful experience as the prime contractor of at least 5 projects of the same nature and complexity comparable to the works concerned by the tender during the last : 5 (five) years;
- information regarding the proposed main site office (Form 4.6.3);
- an outline of the quality assurance system(s) to be used (Form 4.6.7).
- if applicable, information on tenderers involved in a joint venture/consortium (Form 4.6.5);
- details of their litigation history over the last 5 years (Form 4.6.6);
- any other information (Form 4.6.9).

Proof documents, declarations and undertakings according to clauses 3.1-3.6 above. These documents should cover all members of a joint venture/consortium and all subcontractors as specified.

Unless otherwise provided in the contract, all goods purchased under the contract must originate in a Member State of the European Union or in a country or territory of the regions covered and/or authorised by the specific instruments

applicable to the programme specified in clause 3.1 above. For these purposes, 'origin' means the place where the goods are mined, grown, produced or manufactured and/or from which services are provided. The origin of the goods must be determined according to the relevant international agreements (notably WTO agreements), which are reflected in EU legislation on rules of origin for customs purposes: the Customs Code (Council Regulation (EEC) No 2913/92) in particular its Articles 22 to 26 thereof, and the Code's implementing provisions (Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2454/93).

Goods originating in the EU include goods originating in the Overseas Countries and Territories.

Tenderers must provide an undertaking signed by their representative certifying compliance with this requirement. For more details, see point 2.3.1 Practical Guide.

- 12.2. In order to be eligible for the award of the contract, tenderers must provide evidence that they meet the selection criteria. This must be provided by tenderers using the forms described in 12.1 above and any additional forms tenderers may wish to use.

Economic and financial capacity of candidate:

- a) The average annual turnover of the tenderer in the past 3 years must be at least 1 500 000,00 EUR.
- b) In any case, the amount of credit available must exceed the equivalent of 750 000,00 EUR.
- c) Has implemented same projects/works at list 150 000,00 Euro per last year.
- d) In the last 5 years he has not had debts to the state budget or institutions.
- e) Uses ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 quality certificates for at least 1 year.

Technical and professional capacity of candidate:

- a) Candidate have sufficient permanent employed staff last one year.
- b) The capacity of human resources can meet the technical requirements.
- c) He has implemented 3 projects of the same complexity in the last 3 years.
- d) To prove their own financial coverage for 30% of the tender amount.
- e) To have in property all machinery and equipment necessary for the work to be done (confirmed by documents).
- f) To have quality certificates in construction (at list: ISO 9001; ISO 14001 for at least 1 year)
- g) All its key staff must have at least 10 years' appropriate experience and proven qualifications relevant to works of a similar nature to this project

12.2.1. Capacity-providing entities:

An economic operator may, where appropriate and for a particular contract, rely on the capacity of other entities, regardless of the legal nature of the links which it has with them. Some examples of when it may *not* be considered appropriate by the Contracting Authority are when the tenderer relies mostly on the capacity of other entities or when it relies on key criteria. If the tenderer relies on other entities, it must prove to the Contracting Authority that it will have at its disposal the resources necessary to perform the contract, for example by producing a commitment on the part of those entities to place resources at its disposal. Such entities, for instance the parent company of the economic operator, must respect the same rules of eligibility and notably that of nationality, as the economic operator. Furthermore, the tender should include a separate document providing

data on this third entity for the relevant selection criterion. Proof of capacity must be furnished at the request of the Contracting Authority.

With regard to technical and professional criteria, a tenderer may only rely on the capacities of other entities where the latter will perform the works for which these capacities are required.

With regard to economic and financial criteria, the entities upon whose capacity the tenderer relies, become jointly and severally liable for the performance of the contract.

13. TENDER PRICES

- 13.1. The currency of the tender is the MDL (Moldovan Lei) and maximum budget available is: **29 041 469,00 (Twenty-nine million forty-one thousand four hundred and sixty-nine lei).**
- 13.2. The tenderer must provide Breakdown of the Lump-sum Price in MDL. The tender price must cover all works as described in the tender documents. All sums in Breakdown of the Lump-sum Price, the questionnaire and other documents must also be expressed in this currency, with the exception of originals of bank and annual financial statements.
- 13.3. Tenderers must quote all components of Breakdown of the Lump-sum Price. No payment will be made for items which have not been costed; such items will be deemed to be covered by other items on the Breakdown of the Lump-sum Price.
- 13.4. If a discount is offered by the tenderer, it must be clearly specified in Breakdown of the Lump-sum Price in Volume 4 and indicated in the tender form in Volume 1, Section 1.2. The discount must be quoted for all works.
- 13.5. If the tenderer offers a discount, the discount must be included on each interim payment certificate and calculated on the same basis as in the tender.

14. PERIOD OF VALIDITY OF TENDERS

- 14.1. Tenders must remain valid for a period of 90 days after the deadline for submitting tenders indicated in the contract notice, the invitation to tender or as amended in accordance with Clauses 9 and/or 18.
- 14.2. In exceptional circumstances, the Contracting Authority may, before the validity period expires, request that tenderers extend the validity of tenders for a specific period, which may not exceed 40 days. Such requests and the responses to them must be made in writing. A tenderer may refuse to comply with such a request without forfeiting its tender guarantee. If the tenderer decides to accept the request, it may not amend its tender and it is bound to extend the validity of its tender guarantee for the revised period of validity of the tender. In case the contracting authority is required to obtain the recommendation of the panel referred to in section 2.3.3.1 of the Practical Guide, the contracting authority may request an extension of the validity of the tenders up to the adoption of that recommendation.
- 14.3. The successful tenderer must maintain its tender for a further 60 days. This period is in addition to the validity period, irrespective of the date of notification.

15. TENDER GUARANTEE

- 15.1. It may be provided in the form of a bank guarantee, a banker's draft, a certified cheque, a guarantee provided by an insurance and/or guarantee company or an irrevocable letter of credit made out to the Contracting Authority.

16. VARIANT SOLUTIONS

Variant solutions will not be taken into consideration.

SUBMISSION OF TENDERS

17. SEALING, MARKING AND SUBMITTING TENDERS

17.1. The complete tender must be submitted in one original, clearly marked 'original' and 2 (two) copies, clearly marked 'copy'. In the event of any discrepancy between them, the original will prevail.

17.2. The technical and financial offers must be placed together in a sealed envelope. The envelopes should then be placed in another sealed envelope/package, unless their volume requires a separate submission for each lot.

17.3. All tenders must be received by the Contracting Authority before the deadline set in point 19 of the Contract notice, by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt or hand-delivered against receipt signed by **City Hall Chancellery** or project manager Rosca Irina.

If tenders are hand delivered they should be delivered to the following address:

[Republic of Moldova, Straseni district, Sireți village,](#)

[3, Mihai Emeinescu str.](#)

[MD-3731 tel. 237-71-236, 237-71-191](#)

17.4. Tenders, including annexes and all supporting documents, must be submitted in a sealed envelope bearing only:

- (a) the above address;
- (b) the reference code of this tender procedure, (i.e., **EMS ENI 1HARD/3.1/86/LOT 8**);
- (c) where applicable, the number of the lot(s) tendered for;
- (d) the words 'Not to be opened before the tender opening session' in the language of the tender dossier and "A nu se deschide înainte de ședința de deschidere a ofertelor"
- (e) the name of the tenderer.

18. EXTENSION OF THE DEADLINE FOR SUBMITTING TENDERS

The Contracting Authority may, on its own discretion, extend the deadline for submitting tenders by issuing an amendment in accordance with Clause 9. In such cases, all rights and obligations of the Contracting Authority and the tenderer regarding the original date specified in the contract notice will be subject to the new date.

19. LATE TENDERS

19.1. All tenders received after the deadline for submission specified in the contract notice or these instructions will be kept by the Contracting Authority. The guarantees will be returned to the tenderers.

19.2. No liability can be accepted for late delivery of tenders. Late tenders will be rejected and will not be evaluated.

20. ALTERING AND WITHDRAWING TENDERS

- 20.1. Tenderers may alter or withdraw their tenders by written notification prior to the above deadline. No tender may be altered after the deadline for submission. Withdrawals must be unconditional and will end all participation in the tender procedure.
- 20.2. Any notification of alteration or withdrawal must be prepared and submitted in accordance with Clause 17, and the envelope must be marked 'alteration' or 'withdrawal', as appropriate.
- 20.3. Withdrawal of a tender in the period between the deadline for submission and the date of expiry of the validity of the tender will result in forfeiture of the tender guarantee.

OPENING AND EVALUATING TENDERS

21. OPENING TENDERS

- 21.1. The purpose of opening and examining tenders is to check whether the tenders are complete, whether the requisite tender guarantees have been furnished, whether the required documents are included and whether the tenders are generally in order.
- 21.2. Tenders will be opened in public session on the date and venue specified in point 20 of the Contract notice by the committee appointed for that purpose. The committee will draw up minutes of the meeting, which must be available to tenderers on request.
- 21.3. At the tender opening session, the tenderers' names, the tender prices, any discounts offered, written notifications of alteration and withdrawal, the presence of the tender guarantee (if required) and such other information the Contracting Authority may consider appropriate may be announced.
- 21.4. After the public opening of the tenders, no information relating to the examination, clarification, evaluation or comparison of tenders or recommendations concerning the award of contract can be disclosed until after the contract has been awarded.

Any attempt by a tenderer to influence the evaluation committee in the process of examination, clarification, evaluation and comparison of tenders, to obtain information on how the procedure is progressing or to influence the Contracting Authority in its decision concerning the award of the contract will result in the immediate rejection of its tender.

22. EVALUATING TENDERS

The Contracting Authority reserves the right to ask a tenderer to clarify any part of its tender that the evaluation committee considers necessary to evaluate it. Such requests and the responses to them must be made in writing. They may in no circumstances alter or try to change the price or content of the tender, except to correct arithmetical errors discovered by the evaluation committee when analysing tenders.

The Contracting Authority reserves the right to check information submitted by the tenderer if the evaluation committee considers it necessary.

22.1. Examination of the administrative compliance of tenders

The aim at this stage is to check that tenders comply with the requirements of the tender dossier. A tender is deemed to comply if it satisfies all the conditions, procedures and

specifications in the tender dossier without substantially departing from or attaching restrictions to them.

Substantial departures or restrictions are those which affect the scope, quality or execution of the contract, differ widely from the terms of the tender dossier, limit the rights of the Contracting Authority or the tenderer's obligations under the contract or distort competition for tenderers whose tenders do comply. Decisions to the effect that a tender is not administratively compliant must be duly justified in the evaluation minutes.

The evaluation committee will check that each tender:

- has been properly signed;
- includes a correct tender guarantee (if required);
- meets the requirements as set out in the administrative compliance grid;
- has complete documentation and information;
- substantially complies with the requirements of these tender documents.

If a tender does not meet the requirements set out in the administrative compliance grid, it may be rejected by the evaluation committee when checking admissibility.

22.2. Technical evaluation

The evaluation committee must evaluate only those tenders considered substantially compliant in accordance with Clause 22.1.

At this step of the evaluation procedure, the Committee will analyse the tenders' technical conformity in relation to the technical specifications, classifying them technically compliant or non-compliant.

22.3. Financial evaluation

Once the technical evaluation has been completed, the evaluation committee checks that the financial offers contain no arithmetical errors. If the tender procedure contains several lots, financial offers are compared for each lot. The financial evaluation will have to identify the best financial offer for each lot, taking due account of any discounts offered.

When analysing the tender, the evaluation committee will calculate the final tender price after adjusting it on the basis of Clause 23.

23. CORRECTING ERRORS

23.1. Possible errors in the financial offer will be corrected by the evaluation committee as follows:

- where there is a discrepancy between amounts in figures and in words, the amount in words will prevail;
- except for lump-sum contracts, where there is a discrepancy between a unit price and the total amount derived from the multiplication of the unit price and the quantity, the unit price as quoted will prevail.

23.2. The amount stated in the tender will be adjusted by the evaluation committee in the event of error, and the tenderer will be bound by that adjusted amount. If the tenderer does not accept the adjustment, its tender will be rejected and its tender guarantee forfeited.

CONTRACT AWARD

24. AWARD CRITERIA

The most economically advantageous tender is the technically compliant tender with the best price-quality ratio. The best price-quality ratio is established by weighing technical quality and price.

25. Notification of award, contract clarifications

Prior to the expiry of the validity period of tenders, the Contracting Authority will notify the successful tenderer, in writing, that its tender has been selected and draw its attention to any arithmetical errors corrected during the evaluation process. This notification may take the form of an invitation to clarify certain contractual questions raised therein, to which the tenderer must be prepared to reply. This clarification will be confined to issues that had no direct bearing on the choice of the successful tender. The outcome of such clarification will be set out in a memorandum of clarification, to be signed by both parties and incorporated into the contract.

Documentary evidence required from the successful tenderer:

Before the Contracting Authority signs the contract with the successful tenderer, the successful tenderer must provide the **documentary proof** or statements required under the law of the country in which the company (or, for consortia, each of the companies) is established, to show that it does not fall into any of the exclusion situations listed in section 2.3.3 of the Practical Guide. This evidence, documents or statements must carry a date, which cannot be more than one year before the date of submission of the tender. In addition, a statement must be furnished stating that the situations described in these documents have not changed since then. The above-mentioned documents must be submitted for the tenderer, every member of a joint venture/consortium, all subcontractors providing more than 10% of the works and every supplier providing more than 10% of the works. For any other subcontractor or supplier, the successful tenderer must submit a declaration from the intended subcontractor or supplier that it is not in one of the exclusion situations. In the event of doubt on this declaration of honour, the Contracting Authority must request documentary evidence that they are not in a situation of exclusion.

After the contract has been signed and the successful tenderer has provided the performance guarantee, in accordance with Clause 26, the Contracting Authority will promptly notify the other tenderers that their tenders have not been successful and release their tender guarantees.

By submitting a tender, each tenderer accepts to receive notification of the outcome of the procedure by electronic means. Such notification shall be deemed to have been received on the date upon which the contracting authority sends it to the electronic address referred to in the offer.

26. CONTRACT SIGNING AND PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE

26.1. Within 3 days of receipt of the contract already signed by the Contracting Authority, the selected tenderer must sign and date the contract and return it, with the performance guarantee (if applicable) to the Contracting Authority. On signing the contract, the successful tenderer will become the Contractor and the contract will enter into force.

26.2. If it fails to sign and return the contract and any financial guarantee required within 3 days after receipt of notification, the Contracting Authority may consider the acceptance of the tender to be cancelled, without prejudice to the Contracting Authority's right to invoke the guarantee, claim compensation or pursue any other remedy in respect of such failure, and the successful tenderer will have no claim whatsoever on the Contracting Authority.

26.3. The performance guarantee referred to in the General Conditions is set at 5% of the amount of the contract and must be presented in the form specified in the annex to the tender

dossier, except where it takes the form of a certified cheque or a cash deposit. It will be released in accordance with the Special Conditions.

27. CANCELLATION OF THE TENDER PROCEDURE

In the event of cancellation of a tender procedure, tenderers will be notified by the Contracting Authority. If the tender procedure is cancelled before the tender opening session, the sealed envelopes will be returned, unopened, to the tenderers.

Cancellation may occur, for example, where:

- the tender procedure has been unsuccessful, namely where no qualitatively or financially worthwhile tender has been received or there has been no valid response at all;
- the economic or technical parameters of the project have been fundamentally altered;
- exceptional circumstances or force majeure render normal execution of the project impossible;
- all technically compliant tenders exceed the financial resources available;
- there have been irregularities in the procedure, in particular where these have prevented fair competition;
- the award is not in compliance with sound financial management, i.e. does not respect the principles of economy, efficiency and effectiveness (e.g. the price proposed by the tenderer to whom the contract is to be awarded is objectively disproportionate with regard to the price of the market).

In no event will the Contracting Authority be liable for any damages whatsoever including, without limitation, damages for loss of profits, in any way connected with the cancellation of a tender procedure, even if the Contracting Authority has been informed of the possibility of damage. Publication of a contract notice does not commit the Contracting Authority to implement the programme or project announced.

28. ETHICS CLAUSES

28.1. Any attempt by a candidate or tenderer to obtain confidential information, enter into unlawful agreements with competitors or influence the committee or the Contracting Authority during the process of examining, clarifying, evaluating and comparing tenders will lead to the rejection of its candidacy or tender and may result in administrative penalties.

28.2. Without the Contracting Authority's prior written authorisation, the Contractor and its staff or any other company with which the Contractor is associated or linked may not, even on an ancillary or subcontracting basis, supply other services, carry out works or supply equipment for the project. This also applies to any other programmes or projects that could, owing to the nature of the contract, give rise to a conflict of interest on the part of the Contractor.

28.3. When putting forward a candidacy or tender, the candidate or tenderer must declare that it is not affected by any conflict of interest, and that it has no equivalent relation in that respect with other tenderers or parties involved in the project. Should such a situation arise during execution of the contract, the Contractor must immediately inform the Contracting Authority.

28.4. The Contractor must at all times act impartially and as a faithful adviser in accordance with the code of conduct of its profession. It must refrain from making public statements about the project or services without the Contracting Authority's prior approval. It may not commit the Contracting Authority in any way without its prior written consent.

- 28.5. For the duration of the contract, the Contractor and its staff must respect human rights and undertake not to offend the political, cultural and religious mores of the beneficiary state.
- 28.6. The Contractor may accept no payment connected with the contract other than that provided for therein. The Contractor and its staff must not exercise any activity or receive any advantage inconsistent with their obligations to the Contracting Authority.
- 28.7. The Contractor and its staff are obliged to maintain professional secrecy for the entire duration of the contract and after its completion. All reports and documents drawn up or received by the Contractor are confidential.
- 28.8. The contract governs the Parties' use of all reports and documents drawn up, received or presented by them during execution of the contract.
- 28.9. The Contractor must refrain from any relationship likely to compromise its independence or that of its staff. If the Contractor ceases to be independent, the Contracting Authority may, regardless of injury, terminate the contract without further notice and without the Contractor having any claim to compensation.
- 28.10. The Commission reserves the right to suspend or cancel project financing if corrupt practices of any kind are discovered at any stage of the award process and if the Contracting Authority fails to take all appropriate measures to remedy the situation. For the purposes of this provision, 'corrupt practices' are the offer of a bribe, gift, gratuity or commission to any person as an inducement or reward for performing or refraining from any act relating to the award of a contract or implementation of a contract already concluded with the Contracting Authority.
- 28.11. All tenders will be rejected or contracts terminated if it emerges that the award or execution of a contract has given rise to unusual commercial expenses. Unusual commercial expenses are commissions not mentioned in the main contract or not stemming from a properly concluded contract referring to the main contract, commissions not paid in return for any actual and legitimate service, commissions remitted to a tax haven, commissions paid to a recipient who is not clearly identified or commissions paid to a company which has every appearance of being a front company.
- 28.12. The Contractor undertakes to supply the Commission on request with all supporting documents relating to the conditions of the contract's execution. The Commission may carry out whatever documentary or on-the-spot checks it deems necessary to find evidence in cases of suspected unusual commercial expenses.
- 28.13. Contractors found to have paid unusual commercial expenses on projects funded by the European Union are liable, depending on the seriousness of the facts observed, to have their contracts terminated or to be permanently excluded from receiving EU funds.
- 28.14. The Contracting Authority reserves the right to suspend or cancel the procedure, where the award procedure proves to have been subject to substantial errors, irregularities or fraud. Where such substantial errors, irregularities or fraud are discovered after the award of the Contract, the Contracting Authority may refrain from concluding the Contract.

29. APPEALS

Tenderers believing that they have been harmed by an error or irregularity during the award process may file a complaint. See section 2.4.15 of the Practical Guide.

30 DATA PROTECTION

If processing your reply to the invitation to tender involves the recording and processing of personal data (such as names, addresses and CVs), it will be processed² solely for the purposes of the performance management and monitoring of the tender and of the contract by the data controller without prejudice to possible transmission to the bodies charge with monitoring or inspection tasks in application of Union law.

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² Pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data.